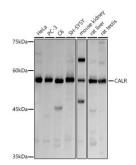
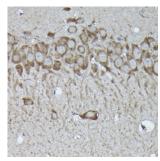


Calreticulin (CALR) Antibody

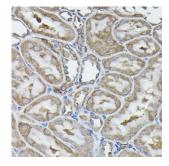
Catalogue No.:abx000989



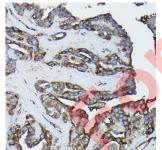
Western blot analysis of various lysates using Calreticulin Antibody at 1/3000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Exposure time:



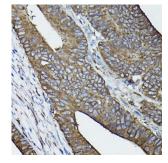
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat brain using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat kidney using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

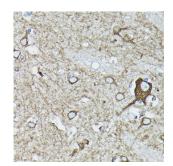


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

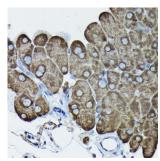


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon carcinoma using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

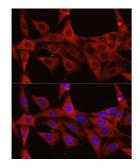




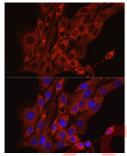
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



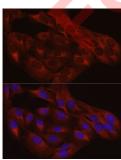
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse pancreas using Calreticulineticulin Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon carcinoma tissue using Calreticulin Antibody at a dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed in 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using Calreticulin Antibody at a dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed in 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using Calreticulin Antibody at a dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed in 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

CALR Antibody is a Rabbit Polyclonal antibody against CALR. Calreticulin is a multifunctional protein that acts as a major Ca(2+)-binding (storage) protein in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum. It is also found in the nucleus, suggesting that it may have a role in transcription regulation. Calreticulin binds to the synthetic peptide KLGFFKR, which is almost identical to an amino acid sequence in the DNA-binding domain of the superfamily of nuclear receptors. Calreticulin binds to antibodies in

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certain sera of systemic lupus and Sjogren patients which contain anti-Ro/SSA antibodies, it is highly conserved among species, and it is located in the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum where it may bind calcium. The amino terminus of calreticulin interacts with the DNA-binding domain of the glucocorticoid receptor and prevents the receptor from binding to its specific glucocorticoid response element. Calreticulin can inhibit the binding of androgen receptor to its hormone-responsive DNA element and can inhibit androgen receptor and retinoic acid receptor transcriptional activities in vivo, as well as retinoic acid-induced neuronal differentiation. Thus, calreticulin can act as an important modulator of the regulation of gene transcription by nuclear hormone receptors. Systemic lupus erythematosus is associated with increased autoantibody titers against calreticulin but calreticulin is not a Ro/SS-A antigen. Earlier papers referred to calreticulin as an Ro/SS-A antigen but this was later disproven. Increased autoantibody titer against human calreticulin is found in infants with complete congenital heart block of both the IgG and IgM classes.

Target: Calreticulin (CALR)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC, IF/ICC

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: ELISA: 1 µg/ml, WB: 1/1000 - 1/5000, IHC-P: 1/50 - 1/200, IF/ICC: 1/50 - 1/200. Not tested in IHC-

F. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 18-203 of human

Calreticulineticulin.

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified by affinity chromatography.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt Primary AC: P27797 (<u>UniProt</u>, <u>ExPASy</u>)

Gene Symbol: CALR

GeneID: 811

NCBI Accession: NP_004334.1

KEGG: hsa:811

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String: <u>9606.ENSP00000320866</u>

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 47 kDa

Observed MW: 55 kDa

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 0.05% Proclin-300, 50% glycerol.

Concentration: > 0.2 mg/ml

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.

