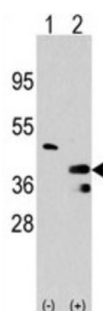
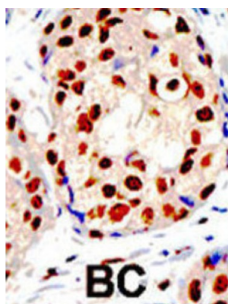


Protein Arginine N-Methyltransferase 1 (PRMT1) Antibody

Catalogue No.: abx025565



Arginine methylation is an irreversible post translational modification which has only recently been linked to protein activity. At least three types of PRMT enzymes have been identified in mammalian cells. These enzymes have been shown to have essential regulatory functions by methylation of key proteins in several fundamental areas. These proteins include nuclear proteins, IL enhancer binding factor, nuclear factors, cell cycle proteins, signal transduction proteins, apoptosis proteins, and viral proteins. The mammalian PRMT family currently consists of 7 members that share two large domains of homology. Outside of these domains, epitopes were identified and antibodies against all 7 PRMT members have been developed.

Target: Protein Arginine N-Methyltransferase 1 (PRMT1)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1/1000, IHC-P: 1/50 - 1/100. Not tested in IHC-F. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 316-347 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human PRMT1.

Isotype: IgG

Datasheet

Version: 4.0.0
Revision date: 18 Aug 2025



Form:	Liquid
Purification:	Purified through a protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage:	Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
UniProt Primary AC:	Q99873 (UniProt , ExPASy)
NCBI Accession:	NP_001527.3, NP_938074.2
KEGG:	hsa:3276
String:	9606.ENSP00000406162
Molecular Weight:	Calculated MW: 42.5 kDa
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Specificity:	Predicted to react with Mouse and Rat PRMT1.
Note:	THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION.

For Reference Only