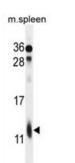


## **Ribosomal Protein L39 (RPL39) Antibody**

Catalogue No.:abx026110



Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the S39E family of ribosomal proteins. It is located in the cytoplasm. In rat, the protein is the smallest, and one of the most basic, proteins of the ribosome. This gene is co-transcribed with the U69 small nucleolar RNA gene, which is located in its second intron. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

1

Target:	Ribosomal Protein L39 (RPL39)
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Reactivity:	Mouse
Tested Applications:	ELISA, WB
Host:	Rabbit
Recommended dilutions:	: WB: 1/1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Immunogen:	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 15-42 amino acids from the Central region of human RPL39.
lsotype:	lgG
Form:	Liquid
Purification:	Purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage:	Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
UniProt Primary AC:	P62891 ( <u>UniProt</u> , <u>ExPASy</u> )

abbexa 🔶

KEGG:	hsa:6170
String:	9606.ENSP00000355315
Molecular Weight:	Calculated MW: 6.41 kDa
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Specificity:	Predicted to react with Human, Rat, Cow and Chicken RPL39.
Note:	THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION.