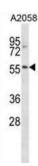


Nucleus Accumbens-Associated Protein 2 (NACC2) Antibody

Catalogue No.:abx029015



BTBD14A (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 14A), also known as BTBD14, is a 587 amino acid protein that contains one BTB/POZ domain. The BTB/POZ domain mediates homomeric and heteromeric POZ-POZ interactions and is common to transcriptional regulators involved in chromatin modeling. In several BTB/POZ containing proteins, including BCL-6 and the promyelocytic leukemia zinc-finger (PLZF) oncoprotein, this domain interacts with the SMRT/N-CoR-mSin3A HDAC complex and is directly involved in repressing and silencing gene transcription. When this domain is deleted, as with the oncogenic PLZF-RAR chimera of promyelocytic leukemias, this transcriptional repression is attenuated. This suggests that BTBD14A may play a role in transcription regulation.

Target: Nucleus Accumbens-Associated Protein 2 (NACC2)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1/1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: **U**nconjugated

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 473-502 amino acids from the C-terminal region of Immunogen:

human NACC2.

IgG Isotype:

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Datasheet

Version: 3.0.0 Revision date: 15 Oct 2025



UniProt Primary AC: Q96BF6 (UniProt, ExPASy)

KEGG: hsa:138151

String: <u>9606.ENSP00000277554</u>

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 62.8 kDa

Buffer: PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.