Datasheet

Version: 1.0.0 Revision date: 15 Oct 2025



Mitochondrial Ribosomal Protein L2 (MRPL2) Antibody

Catalogue No.:abx029403



Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein that belongs to the EcoL2 ribosomal protein family. A pseudogene corresponding to this gene is found on chromosome 12q.

Target: Mitochondrial Ribosomal Protein L2 (MRPL2)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1/1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 236-264 amino acids from the C-terminal region of

human MRPL2.

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

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UniProt Primary AC: Q5T653 (UniProt, ExPASy)

KEGG: hsa:51069

String: <u>9606.ENSP00000373404</u>

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 33.3 kDa

Buffer: PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Specificity: Predicted to react with Cow MRPL2.

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.

