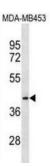
Datasheet

Version: 3.0.0 Revision date: 19 Aug 2025



Mitochondrial Ribosomal Protein L46 (MRPL46) Antibody

Catalogue No.:abx030804



Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. [provided by RefSeq].

Target: Mitochondrial Ribosomal Protein L46 (MRPL46)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1/1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 248-274 amino acids from the C-terminal region of

human MRPL46.

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt Primary AC: Q9H2W6 (<u>UniProt</u>, <u>ExPASy</u>)

Datasheet

Version: 3.0.0 Revision date: 19 Aug 2025



Gene Symbol: MRPL46

String: <u>9606.ENSP00000312311</u>

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 31.7 kDa

Buffer: PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Specificity: Predicted to react with Cow MRPL46.

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.