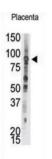


PTP epsilon Antibody

Catalogue No.:abx033943



PTPepsilon is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of the gene have been reported, one of which encodes a receptor-type PTP that possesses a short extracellular domain, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains; Another one encodes a PTP that contains a distinct hydrophilic N-terminus, and thus represents a nonreceptor-type isoform of this PTP. Studies of the similar gene in mice suggested the regulatory roles of this PTP in RAS related signal transduction pathways, cytokines induced SATA signaling, as well as the activation of voltage-gated K+ channels.

Target:	PTP epsilon
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Reactivity:	Human
Tested Applications:	ELISA, WB
Host:	Rabbit
Recommended dilutions	: WB: 1/1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Immunogen:	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between 558-589 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human PTP epsilon.
lsotype:	lgG
Form:	Liquid
Purification:	Purified through a protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage:	Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.



UniProt Primary AC:	P23469 (<u>UniProt</u> , <u>ExPASy</u>)
KEGG:	hsa:5791
String:	<u>9606.ENSP00000254667</u>
Molecular Weight:	Calculated MW: 80.6 kDa
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Note:	THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION.