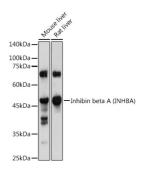
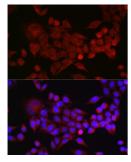


Inhibin Beta A (INHBA) Antibody

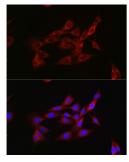
Catalogue No.:abx004475



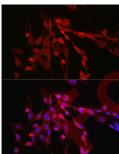
Western blot analysis of various lysates using Inhibin beta A (INHBA) Antibody at 1/1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μ g per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Exposure time: 180s.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using Inhibin beta A (INHBA) Antibody at dilution of 1/50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using Inhibin beta A (INHBA) Antibody at dilution of 1/50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-12 cells using Inhibin beta A (INHBA) Antibody at dilution of 1/50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Inhibin Beta A (INHBA) Antibody is a Rabbit Polyclonal antibody against INHBA. The inhibin beta A subunit joins the alpha subunit to form a pituitary FSH secretion inhibitor. Inhibin has been shown to regulate gonadal stromal cell proliferation negatively and to have tumor-suppressor activity. In addition, serum levels of inhibin have been shown to reflect the size of granulosa-cell tumors and can therefore be used as a marker for primary as well as recurrent disease. Because expression in gonadal and various extragonadal tissues may vary severalfold in a tissue-specific fashion, it is proposed that inhibin may be both a growth/differentiation factor and a hormone. Furthermore, the beta A subunit forms a homodimer, activin A, and also joins with a beta B subunit to form a heterodimer, activin AB, both of which stimulate FSH secretion. Finally, it has been shown that the beta A subunit mRNA is identical to the erythroid differentiation factor subunit mRNA and that only one gene for this mRNA exists in the human genome.

Datasheet

Version: 4.0.0 Revision date: 26 Oct 2025



Target: Inhibin Beta A (INHBA)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB, IF/ICC

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: ELISA: 1 μg/ml, WB: 1/500 - 1/1000, IF/ICC: 1/50 - 1/200. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should

be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 21-426 of human

Inhibin beta A (INHBA).

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified by affinity chromatography.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt Primary AC: P08476 (UniProt, ExPASy)

Gene Symbol: INHBA

GeneID: <u>3624</u>

NCBI Accession: NP 002183.1

KEGG: hsa:3624

String: <u>9606.ENSP00000242208</u>

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 47 kDa

Observed MW: 47 kDa

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 0.05% Proclin-300, 50% glycerol.

Concentration: 0.627 mg/ml

Datasheet

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Note:

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION.



Website: www.abbexa.com · Email: info@abbexa.com