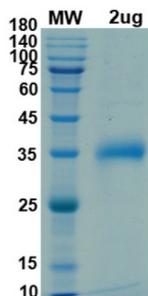


SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein RBD (E484K Mutation)

Catalogue No.: abx620005



SDS-PAGE analysis of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein RBD (E484K Mutation).

Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19) Spike Protein Receptor-Binding Domain (RBD) is a recombinant protein expressed in Mammalian cells.

The SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein (S protein) is a viral protein that allows the entry of SARS-CoV-2 into human cells. The protein forms trimers on the viral capsid and binds to human Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 2 (ACE2) located on the cell surface. The protein has a cleavage site between the Spike Protein and S2 subunits that is targeted by the human enzyme Furin, and it may also cause the development of a syncytium (cell fusion). Antibodies to S protein can prevent viral entry as well as target the virus for further immune action.

The E484K mutation is present in several variants, including those first identified in South Africa and Brazil. This mutation has been reported to reduce antibody neutralization of the virus.

Target:	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Spike Protein RBD (E484K Mutation)
Target Modification:	Glu484Lys
Modification:	Mutation
Origin:	Virus
Expression:	Recombinant
Tested Applications:	SDS-PAGE
Host:	Mammalian cells
Recommended dilutions:	Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Form:	Lyophilized

Datasheet

Version: 5.0.0
Revision date: 15 Mar 2025



Purity:	> 90% (SDS-PAGE)
Reconstitution:	Reconstitute in ddH ₂ O to a concentration of 1 mg/ml.
Storage:	Store between -20 °C and -80 °C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
NCBI Accession:	YP_009724390.1
Molecular Weight:	Observed MW: 35 kDa
Tag:	C-terminal His tag
Buffer:	Prior to lyophilization: PBS, pH 7.5.
Note:	THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC, THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION.

For Reference Only