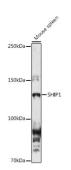
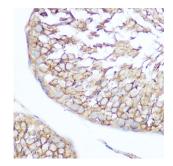


Phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-Trisphosphate 5-Phosphatase 1 (INPP5D) Antibody

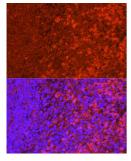
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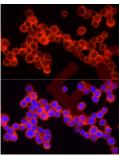
Western blot analysis of lysates from Mouse spleen, using SHIP1 Antibody at 1/1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μ g per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Exposure time: 180s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat testis using SHIP1 Antibody at dilution of 1/100 (40x lens). Microwave antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Tris/EDTA Buffer (pH 9.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse spleen using SHIP1 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of THP-1 cells using SHIP1 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

INPP5D Antibody is a Rabbit Polyclonal antibody against INPP5D. INPP5D, also named as SHIP, SHIP1, SIP-145 and hp51CN, belongs to the inositol-1,4,5-trisphosphate 5-phosphatase family. INPP5D is phosphatidylinositol (PtdIns) phosphatase that specifically hydrolyzes the 5-phosphate of phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3) to produce PtdIns(3,4)P2, thereby negatively regulating the PI3K (phosphoinositide 3-kinase) pathways. INPP5D acts as a negative regulator of B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It mediates signaling from the FC-gamma-RIIB receptor (FCGR2B), playing a central role in terminating signal transduction from activating immune/hematopoietic cell receptor systems. INPP5D acts as a negative regulator of myeloid cell proliferation/survival and chemotaxis, mast cell degranulation, immune cells homeostasis, integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 signaling in platelets and JNK signaling in B-cells. INPP5D regulates proliferation of osteoclast precursors, macrophage programming, phagocytosis and activation and is required for endotoxin tolerance. It is involved in the control of

Datasheet

Version: 5.0.0 Revision date: 06 Oct 2025



cell-cell junctions, CD32a signaling in neutrophils and modulation of EGF-induced phospholipase C activity. It is a key regulator of neutrophil migration, by governing the formation of the leading edge and polarization required for chemotaxis. It modulates FCGR3/CD16-mediated cytotoxicity in NK cells. It mediates the activin/TGF-beta-induced apoptosis through its Smaddependent expression. INPP5D may also hydrolyze PtdIns(1,3,4,5)P4, and could thus affect the levels of the higher inositol polyphosphates like InsP6.

Target: Phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-Trisphosphate 5-Phosphatase 1 (INPP5D)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC, IF/ICC

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: ELISA: 1 µg/ml, WB: 1/500 - 1/1000, IHC-P: 1/50 - 1/200, IF/ICC: 1/50 - 1/200. Not tested in IHC-F.

Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to INPP5D. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified by affinity chromatography.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt Primary AC: Q92835 (UniProt, ExPASy)

Gene Symbol: INPP5D

GeneID: <u>3635</u>

NCBI Accession: NP 001017915.1

KEGG: hsa:3635

String: 9606.ENSP00000405338

Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 133 kDa

Observed MW: 140 kDa

2 of 3

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Version: 5.0.0 Revision date: 06 Oct 2025



Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 0.05% Proclin-300, 50% glycerol.

Concentration: > 0.2 mg/ml

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.



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