

Human Interferon Gamma (IFNG) CLIA Kit

Catalogue No.: abx190050

Human Interferon gamma Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA) Kit is a Sandwich Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA) Kit for use with Serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell lysates, cell culture supernates and other biological fluids.

Target:	Interferon Gamma (IFNG)
Research Area:	Infection Immunity
Reactivity:	Human
Tested Applications:	CLIA
Recommended dilutions:	Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Storage:	Shipped at 4°C. Upon receipt, store the kit according to the storage instruction in the kit's manual.
Validity:	The validity for this kit is at least 6 months. Up to 12 months validity can be provided on request.
Stability:	The stability of the kit is determined by the rate of activity loss. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage conditions. To minimize performance fluctuations, operation procedures and lab conditions should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same user throughout.
UniProt Primary AC:	P01579 (UniProt , ExPASy)
Gene Symbol:	IFNG
GeneID:	3458
KEGG:	hsa:3458
String:	9606.ENSP00000229135
Test Range:	1.37 pg/ml - 1000 pg/ml
Sensitivity:	< 0.61 pg/ml
Standard Form:	Lyophilized
Detection Method:	Chemiluminescent

Datasheet

Version: 6.0.0

Revision date: 08 Oct 2025



Assay Type: Sandwich

Assay Data: Quantitative

Sample Type: Serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell lysates, cell culture supernatants and other biological fluids.

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES.

The range and sensitivity is subject to change. Please contact us for the latest product information. For accurate results, sample concentrations must be diluted to mid-range of the kit. If you require a specific range, please contact us in advance or write your request in your order comments. Please note that our kits are optimised for detection of native samples, rather than recombinant proteins. We are unable to guarantee detection of recombinant proteins, as they may have different sequences or tertiary structures to the native protein.

For Reference Only