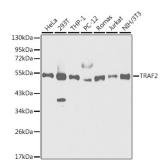
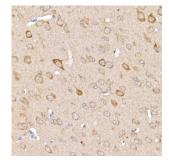


TNF Receptor Associated Factor 2 (TRAF2) Antibody

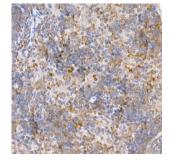
Catalogue No.:abx000916



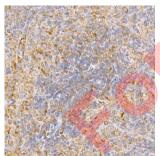
Western blot analysis of various lysates using TRAF2 Antibody at 1/1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse brain using TRAF2 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse spleen using TRAF2 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat spleen using TRAF2 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat testis using TRAF2 Antibody at dilution of 1/200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed in 0.01 M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

Datasheet

Version: 5.0.0 Revision date: 25 Sep 2025



TRAF2 Antibody is a Rabbit Polyclonal antibody against TRAF2. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF receptor associated factor (TRAF) protein family. TRAF proteins associate with, and mediate the signal transduction from members of the TNF receptor superfamily. This protein directly interacts with TNF receptors, and forms a heterodimeric complex with TRAF1. This protein is required for TNF-alpha-mediated activation of MAPK8/JNK and NF-kappaB. The protein complex formed by this protein and TRAF1 interacts with the inhibitor-of-apoptosis proteins (IAPs), and functions as a mediator of the anti-apoptotic signals from TNF receptors. The interaction of this protein with TRADD, a TNF receptor associated apoptotic signal transducer, ensures the recruitment of IAPs for the direct inhibition of caspase activation. BIRC2/c-IAP1, an apoptosis inhibitor possessing ubiquitin ligase activity, can unbiquitinate and induce the degradation of this protein, and thus potentiate TNF-induced apoptosis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene, but the biological validity of only one transcript has been determined.

Target: TNF Receptor Associated Factor 2 (TRAF2)

Clonality: Polyclonal

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Tested Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Host: Rabbit

Recommended dilutions: ELISA: 1 μg/ml, WB: 1/500 - 1/2000, IHC-P: 1/50 - 1/200. Not tested in IHC-F. Optimal

dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Immunogen: Recombinant protein corresponding to TRAF2. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Isotype: IgG

Form: Liquid

Purification: Purified by affinity chromatography.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

UniProt Primary AC: Q12933 (UniProt, ExPASy)

Gene Symbol: TRAF2

GeneID: <u>7186</u>

NCBI Accession: NP_066961.2

KEGG: hsa:7186

String: 9606.ENSP00000247668

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Datasheet

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Molecular Weight: Calculated MW: 56 kDa

Observed MW: 54 kDa

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol.

Concentration: > 0.2 mg/ml

Note: THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC,

THERAPEUTIC OR COSMETIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL

CONSUMPTION.

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